$$X \xrightarrow{R_1} Z'$$
 $Z \xrightarrow{Y} Y$

wherein

X is selected from the group consisting of C=O, S=O, C=S, (C=O)-NH, (C=O)-O and (C=O)-S:

 R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hydrogen, hydroxyl or a hydrocarbon chain from 1 to about 10 carbons long selected from the group consisting of saturated, unsaturated and fluorinated, wherein said hydrocarbon chain is unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R¹¹, wherein R¹¹ is selected from the group consisting of:
- (ia) C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_2 - C_4 alkenyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} bicycloalkyl or aryl which may be substituted or unsubstituted;
- (ib) halogen, cyano, nitro, amino, hydroxy, adamantyl, carbamyl, carbamyloxy or keto;
 - (ic) an oligopeptide of 1-3 amino acid residues; and
- (id) $NR^{13}R^{14}$, CO_2R^{13} , $O(C=OR^{13})$, SO_2R^{14} , SOR^{14} , $(C=O)NR^{13}R^{14}$, or $NR^{14}(C=O)R^{13}$;

wherein:

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, phenyl, benzyl, C_1 - C_6 alkyl and C_3 - C_6 alkoxyalkyl; and

R¹⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, and benzyl;

- (ii) an oligopeptide or peptidomimetic molecule of 1 to 5 amino acids;
- (iii) C_3 - C_6 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} bicycloalkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkylmethyl, or C_7 - C_{10} arylalkyl, which may be additionally substituted with R^{11} as defined above;

R₃ is selected from the group consisting of:

(i) hydrogen, phenyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_{12} hydrocarbon chain or O- C_1 - C_{12} hydrocarbon chain which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above; and

(ii) an oligopeptide of 1 to 3 amino acids joined to the backbone by an oxygen or a peptidomimetic;

Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, sulfhydryl, carboxyl and NHR¹¹, wherein R¹¹ is defined as above;

Z' is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hydroxyl, amino, carbamid, carbamyl, carbamyloxy or halogen;
- (ii) hydrogen; and
- (iii) C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkenyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkenyl, or C_1 - C_3 alkoxy which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;

alternatively Z' and R₁ collectively form a ring system selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) C_5 - C_8 carbocyclic ring which may be saturated or unsaturated, and which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above; and
- (b) C_5 - C_{10} heterocyclic ring system which may be saturated or unsaturated and which includes at least one nitrogen, oxygen or sulfur atom, and which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;

Y and Y' are independently selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hydrogen, halogen, C_1 - C_4 haloalkyl, or C_1 - C_4 haloalkoxy;
- (ii) carbamyl, carbamide, cyano, keto, vinyl, sulfoxide, nitro, C₁-C₃ alkylsulfonyl, or sulfone;
- (iii) C_1 - C_3 alkyl which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;
 - (iv) an oligopeptide or a peptidomimetic of 1 to 3 amino acids; and
 - (v) Y' may additionally be hydroxyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; with the proviso that when $X-R_1$ is a fluorinated keto acyl, Z is hydrogen;

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.

12. (Twice Amended) A method according to claim 8, wherein the picornavirus species is a rhinovirus.

AMENDMENT APPLICATION SERIAL NO. 09/202,359 13. (Thrice Amended) A method for inhibiting picornaviral replication in a subject, wherein said compound has the formula:

$$Z \xrightarrow{R_1} Z'$$
 $Z \xrightarrow{Y} R_3$

wherein X is -C=O;

 R_1 is $-CF_3$;

Z and Z' are hydroxyl, except when X- R_1 is a fluorinated keto acyl group, Z must be hydrogen;

R₃ is hydrogen; and

Y and Y' are selected from the group consisting of -Cl, -I, -Br, -CF₃, -F, -CN, -COOH, -SO₃H, -SO₂NH₂ and -CONH₂

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.

14. (Thrice Amended) A method for inhibiting picornaviral replication in a subject, wherein said compound has the formula:

$$X$$
 R_1
 Z'
 Z
 Y
 R_3

wherein X is -C=0;

 R_1 is $-CF_3$;

Z is hydroxyl, except when X-R₁ is a fluorinated keto acyl group, Z must be hydrogen;

Z' and R₃ are hydrogen; and

Y and Y' are selected from the group consisting of –Cl, –I, –Br, –CF₃, –F, –CN, COOH. –SO₃H, –SO₂NH₂ and –CONH₂

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.

15. (Thrice Amended) A method for inhibiting picornaviral replication in a subject, wherein said compound has the formula:

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_1 \\
Z' \\
Z \longrightarrow Y' \\
Y \longrightarrow R_3
\end{array}$$

wherein X is -C=0;

R₁ is H, -CH₃, · CF₃, CH₃-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-CH₂-, CH₃-CH₂-, CH₃-CH₂-, CH₃-CH₂-, CH₃-CH₂-, CH₃-CH₂-, CF₃-CF₂-CF₂-CF₂-, -NH-R'' or one of the following phenyl groups

$$-CH_2CH_2$$
 $-CHCH$ $-CHCH$

$$-\mathsf{CFCF} \longrightarrow \mathsf{R'} \qquad -\mathsf{CF}_2\mathsf{CF}_2 \longrightarrow \mathsf{R}$$

wherein R' is -OH, $-NH_2$, -COOH, or $-COCH_3$ and R'' is -OH, $-NH_2$, $-OCH_3$ or $-OCH_2CH_3$;

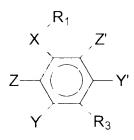
Z and Z' are hydroxyl, except when X- R_1 is a fluorinated keto acyl group, Z must be hydrogen;

R₃ is hydrogen; and

Y and Y' are $-CF_3$

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.

16. (Thrice Amended) A method for inhibiting picornaviral replication in a subject, wherein said compound has the formula:



wherein X is -C=O;

 $R_1 \text{ is H, -CH}_3, -CF_3, CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-CH_2-, CH_3-CH_2-, CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-, CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-, CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-, CH_3-CH_2-CH_2-, CH_3-CH_2-, CH_3-, CH_3-$

$$-CH_{2}CH_{2} \longrightarrow R'$$

$$-CHCH \longrightarrow R'$$

$$-CF_{2}CF_{2} \longrightarrow R'$$

wherein R' is -OH, $-NH_2$, -COOH, or $-COCH_3$ and R'' is -OH, $-NH_2$, $-OCH_3$ and $-OCH_2CH_3$;

Z is hydroxyl, except when X-R₁ is a fluorinated keto acyl group, Z must be hydrogen;

Z' and R₃ are hydrogen, and

Y and Y' are $-CF_3$

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.

17. (Twice Amended) A method of inhibiting picornaviral replication in a subject, wherein said method comprises the use of a compound with the formula:



wherein X is selected from the group consisting of -C=O-, -S=O-, and -C=S-, R_1 is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) a hydrocarbon chain which may be unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R¹¹, wherein R¹¹ is selected from the group consisting of:
 - (ia) C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_2 - C_4 alkenyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} bicycloalkyl or aryl which may be substituted or unsubstituted;
 - (ib) halogen, cyano, nitro, amino, hydroxy, adamantyl, carbamyl, carbamyloxy or keto;
 - (ic) an oligopeptide of 1-3 amino acid residues; and
 - (id) $NR^{13}R^{14}$, COR^{13} , $O(C=OR^{13})$, SO_2R^{14} , SOR^{14} , $(C=O)NR^{13}R^{14}$, or $NR^{14}(C=O)R^{13}$;

wherein:

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, phenyl, benzyl, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, and C_3 - C_6 alkoxyalkyl; and

R¹⁴ is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, and benzyl; R₃ is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) phenyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_{12} hydrocarbon chain and O- C_1 - C_{12} hydrocarbon chain which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above; and
- (ii) an oligopeptide or a peptidomimetic molecule of 1 to 3 amino acids, joined to the backbone by an oxygen;

Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, sulfhydryl, carboxyl, and NHR¹¹, wherein R¹¹ is defined as above;

Z' is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hydroxyl, amino, carbamido, carbamyl, carbamyloxy, and halogen;
- (ii) C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkenyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkenyl and C_1 - C_3 alkoxy which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;

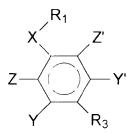
Y and Y' are independently selected from the group consisting of

- (i) hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, or C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy,
- (ii) carbamyl, carbamide, cyano, keto, vinyl, sulfoxide, nitro, C₁-C₃ alkylsulfonyl, or sulfone;
- (iii) C_1 - C_3 alkyl which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;
 - (iv) an oligopeptide or a peptidomimetic of 1 to 3 amino acids; and
 - (v) Y' may additionally be hydroxyl;

and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; with the proviso that when $X-R_1$ is a fluorinated keto acyl, Z is hydrogen

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.

19. (Once Amended) A method of inhibiting picornaviral replication in a subject, wherein said method comprises the use of a compound with the formula:



wherein X is selected from the group consisting of -C=O-, -S=O-, and -C=S-;

R₁ is selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a hydrocarbon chain which may be unsubstituted or substituted with at least one R¹¹, wherein R¹¹ is selected from the group consisting of:

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- (ia) C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_2 - C_4 alkenyl, C_3 - C_8 cycloalkyl, C_6 - C_{10} bicycloalkyl or aryl which may be substituted or unsubstituted;
- (ib) halogen, cyano, nitro, amino, hydroxy, adamantyl, carbamyl, carbamyloxy or keto;
 - (ic) an oligopeptide of 1-3 amino acid residues; and
- (id) $NR^{13}R^{14}$, COR^{13} , $O(C=OR^{13})$, SO_2R^{14} , SOR^{14} , $(C=O)NR^{13}R^{14}$, or $NR^{14}(C=O)R^{13}$;

wherein:

 R^{13} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, phenyl, benzyl, C_1 - C_6 alkyl, and C_3 - C_6 alkoxyalkyl; and

 R^{14} is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, and benzyl; R_3 is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) phenyl, hydroxyl, C_1 - C_{12} hydrocarbon chain and O- C_1 - C_{12} hydrocarbon chain which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above; and
- (ii) an oligopeptide of 1 to 3 amino acids[, an oligopeptide of 1 to 3 amino acids] joined to the backbone by an oxygen or a peptidomimetic;

Z is selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, hydroxyl, sulfhydryl, carboxyl, and NHR¹¹, wherein R¹¹ is defined as above;

Z' is selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hydroxyl, amino, carbamide, carbamyl, carbamyloxy, and halogen;
- (ii) C_1 - C_4 alkyl, C_1 - C_4 alkenyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkenyl and C_1 - C_3 alkoxy which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;

Y and Y' are independently selected from the group consisting of:

- (i) hydrogen, halogen, C₁-C₄ haloalkyl, or C₁-C₄ haloalkoxy;
- (ii) carbamyl, carbamide, cyano, keto, vinyl, sulfoxide, nitro, C₁-C₃ alkylsulfonyl, or sulfone;
 - (iii) C_1 - C_3 alkyl which may be additionally substituted with at least one R^{11} as defined above;
 - (iv) an oligopeptide or a peptidomimetic of 1 to 3 amino acids, and

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- (v) Y' may additionally be hydroxyl;
- and pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof; with the proviso that when X-R₁ is a fluorinated keto acyl, Z is hydrogen;

to effectively inhibit picornaviral replication.